

Application No. 09/779919
Amendment dated December 22, 2005

Docket No.: 47171-00265USPT
Customer No.: 41,230

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Previously presented) A doubles detection system for detecting doubled documents, the system comprising:
- at least one light source disposed on a first side of a test document;
 - at least one reflected light sensor disposed along the first side of the test document, and adapted to generate at least one reflected light signal;
 - at least one transmitted light sensor disposed along a second side of the test document, and adapted to generate at least one transmitted light signal;
 - a memory storing at least one master reflected light value and at least one master transmitted light value; and
 - a processor adapted to
 - (1) receive the reflected light signal,
 - (2) generate a reflected light value for the test document,
 - (3) calculate a reflectance ratio between the reflected light value of the test document and the master reflected light value,
 - (4) receive the transmitted light signal,
 - (5) generate a transmitted light value for the test document,
 - (6) adjust the master transmitted light value based on the reflectance ratio,
 - (7) compare the adjusted master transmitted light value to the transmitted light value for the test document, and
 - (8) generate a doubles signal if the comparison of the adjusted master transmitted light value with the transmitted light value for the test document indicates that more than one document is present.

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2. (Original) The doubles detection system of claim 1 wherein the adjusted master transmitted light value determines a threshold for acceptable transmitted light values.
3. (Original) The doubles detection system of claim 2 wherein a test document having a transmitted light value lower than the threshold is determined to be a doubled document.
4. (Original) The doubles detection of claim 3 wherein the doubled document is off-sorted into an output receptacle.
5. (Original) The doubles detection system of claim 1 wherein the master reflected light value and the master transmitted light value are input manually.
6. (Original) The doubles detection system of claim 1 wherein the master reflected light value and the master transmitted light value are determined in a learning mode.
7. (Previously presented) The doubles detection system of claim 1 wherein the master reflected light value and the master transmitted light value are determined, respectively, by averaging a plurality of individual reflected light values and individual transmitted light values for a series of master documents.
8. (Original) The doubles detection system of claim 1 wherein the master reflected light value and the master transmitted light value are determined, respectively, by averaging a plurality of individual reflected light values and individual transmitted light values for a series of test documents.
9. (Original) The doubles detection system of claim 1 wherein calculating the reflectance ratio comprises dividing the master reflected light value by the reflected light value of the test document.
10. (Original) The doubles detection system of claim 9 wherein adjusting the master transmitted light value comprises multiplying the master transmitted light value by the reflectance ratio.

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11. (Original) The doubles detection system of claim 1 wherein calculating the reflectance ratio comprises dividing the reflected light value of the test document by the master reflected light value.
12. (Original) The doubles detection system of claim 11 wherein adjusting the master transmitted light value comprises multiplying the master transmitted light value by an inverse of the reflectance ratio.
13. (Original) A method for detecting doubled documents comprising:
 - illuminating a first side of a test document;
 - detecting at least one reflected light value from the first side of the test document;
 - detecting at least one transmitted light value from a second side of the test document;
 - calculating a reflectance ratio between a master reflected light value and the reflected light value for the test document;
 - adjusting a master transmitted light value based on the reflectance ratio;
 - comparing the adjusted master transmitted light value to the transmitted light value for the test document; and
 - generating a doubles signal if the comparison of the adjusted master transmitted light value with the transmitted light value for the test document indicates that more than one document is present.
14. (Original) The method of claim 13 further comprising off-sorting doubled documents in response to the doubles signal.
15. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein calculating a reflectance ratio comprises dividing the master reflected light value by the reflected light value of the test document.
16. (Original) The method of claim 15 wherein adjusting the master transmitted light value based on the reflectance ratio comprises multiplying the master transmitted light value by the reflectance ratio.

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17. (Original) The method of claim 15 wherein adjusting the master transmitted light value based on the reflectance ratio comprises multiplying the master transmitted light value by the square of the reflectance ratio.
18. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein calculating a reflectance ratio comprises dividing the reflected light value of the test document by the master reflected light value.
19. (Original) The method of claim 18 wherein adjusting the master transmitted light value based on the reflectance ratio comprises multiplying the master transmitted light value by an inverse of the reflectance ratio.
20. (Original) The method of claim 18 wherein adjusting the master transmitted light value based on the reflectance ratio comprises multiplying the master transmitted light value by the square of an inverse of the reflected light value.
21. (Currently Amended) A currency handling device comprising:
 - a currency path adapted to transport a test document;
 - at least one light source disposed on a first side of the currency path;
 - at least one reflected light sensor disposed on the first side of the currency path and adapted to generate a reflected light signal for the test document;
 - at least one transmitted light sensor disposed on a second side of the currency path and adapted to generate a transmitted light signal for the test document;
 - a memory storing at least one master reflected light value and at least one master transmitted light value; and
 - a processor electrically connected to:
 - (a) the at least one reflected light sensor,
 - (b) the at least one transmitted light sensor, and
 - (c) the memory,

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the processor being adapted to access ~~[[the]]~~ at least one master transmitted light value, calculate a reflectance ratio between a master reflected light value and a reflected light value derived from the reflected light signal for the test document, and adjust ~~[[the]]~~ at least one master transmitted light value ~~for the test document based on the reflected light signal for the test document~~ reflectance ratio.

22. (Original) The currency handling device of claim 21 wherein the memory stores a plurality of master reflected light values and a plurality of master transmitted light values, each pair of master reflected light values and master transmitted light values corresponding to a type and denomination of currency.

23. (Original) The currency handling device of claim 21 wherein the at least one reflected light sensor is a scanhead cell.

24. (Previously presented) A doubles detection system for detecting doubled documents, the system comprising:

at least one light source disposed on a first side of a test document;

at least one reflected light sensor disposed along the first side of the test document, and adapted to generate at least one reflected light signal;

one or more transmitted light sensors disposed along a second side of the test document, and adapted to generate at least one transmitted light signal;

a memory storing at least one master reflected light value and at least one master transmitted light value; and

a processor adapted to

(1) receive the reflected light signal,

(2) generate a reflected light value for the test document,

(3) calculate a reflectance ratio between the reflected light value of the test document and the master reflected light value,

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- (4) receive the transmitted light signal,
- (5) generate a transmitted light value for the test document,
- (6) adjust the transmitted light value for the test document based on the reflectance ratio,
- (7) compare the adjusted transmitted light value for the test document to the master transmitted light value, and
- (8) generate a doubles signal if the comparison of the adjusted transmitted light value for the test document with the master transmitted light value indicates that more than one document is present.

25. (Previously presented) A method for detecting doubled documents comprising:
- illuminating a first side of a test document;
 - detecting at least one reflected light value from the first side of the test document;
 - detecting at least one transmitted light value from a second side of the test document;
 - calculating a reflectance ratio between a master reflected light value and the reflected light value for the test document;
 - adjusting the transmitted light value for the test document based on the reflectance ratio;
 - comparing the adjusted transmitted light value for the test document to a master transmitted light value; and
 - generating a doubles signal if the comparison of the adjusted master transmitted light value with the transmitted light value for the test document indicates that more than one document is present.

26. (Original) A document handling device comprising:
- illuminating means for illuminating a test document from a first side of the test document;

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reflected light sensing means for sensing light reflected from the first side of the test document and further for generating a reflected light signal;

transmitted light sensing means for sensing light transmitted through the test document to a second side of the test document and further for generating a transmitted light signal;

memory means for storing a master reflected light value and a master transmitted light value; and

a processor adapted to:

access the master transmitted light value,

receive the reflected light signal,

calculate a reflectance ratio based on the reflected light signal and the master reflected light value; and

adjust the master transmitted light value based on the reflectance ratio.

27. (Original) A method for analyzing documents in a document handling device comprising:

sensing reflected light from a first side of a test document;

calculating a reflectance ratio based on a master reflected light value and the reflected light from the test document; and

adjusting a master transmitted light value based on the reflectance ratio.

28. (Previously presented) A document handling device comprising:

an input receptacle adapted to receive a stack of test documents;

a document transport mechanism adapted to transport the test documents;

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a light source disposed along a first side of the document transport mechanism and adapted to direct light toward the document transport mechanism and further adapted to illuminate the test documents from a first side of the test documents;

a reflected light sensor disposed along the first side of the document transport mechanism and adapted to generate an analog reflected light signal corresponding to the amount of light reflected from the first side of a test document;

a transmitted light sensor disposed along a second side of the document transport mechanism and adapted to generate an analog transmitted light signal corresponding to the amount of light transmitted through the test document to a second side of the test;

at least one amplifier electrically coupled to the reflected light sensor and the transmitted light sensor and adapted to amplify the analog light reflected light signal and the analog transmitted light signal;

an analog-to-digital converter electrically coupled to the amplifier and adapted to convert the amplified analog reflected light signal into a digital reflected light signal and further adapted to convert the amplified analog transmitted light signal into a digital transmitted light signal;

a memory adapted to contain a master reflected light value and a master transmitted light value associated with the type of the test document;

a processor electrically coupled to the analog-to-digital converter and to the memory and adapted to:

- (1) receive the digital reflected light signal,
- (2) generate at least one reflected light value for the test document,
- (3) access the memory to retrieve the master reflected light value and the master transmitted light value associated with the type of the test document;
- (4) calculate a reflectance ratio based on the reflected light value for the test document and the master reflected light value associated with the type of the test document;

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- (5) receive the digital transmitted light signal;
- (6) generate at least one transmitted light value for the test document;
- (7) adjust the master transmitted light value based on the reflectance ratio,
- (8) compare the adjusted master transmitted light value to the transmitted light value for the test document, and
- (9) generate a doubles signal if the comparison of the adjusted master transmitted light value with the transmitted light value for the test document indicates that more than one document is present; and

an operator interface electrically coupled to the processor and adapted to receive the doubles signal and indicate the receipt of a doubles signal.

29. (Original) The device of claim 28 wherein accessing the memory to retrieve the master reflected light value and the master transmitted light value associated with the type of the test document comprises allowing a user to specify the type of the test document.

30. (Previously presented) The device of claim 28 wherein the processor is further adapted to automatically determine the type of the test document.

31. (Previously presented) The device of claim 30 wherein the processor is adapted to determine the type of the test document by comparing a pattern for the test document to stored patterns for a variety of types of documents.

32. (Currently amended) A currency handling device comprising:

a currency path adapted to transport test currency from a stack of test currency at a rate of at least about 800 bills per minute;

at least one light source disposed on a first side of the currency path;

at least one reflected light sensor disposed on the first side of the currency path and adapted to generate a reflected light signal for the test currency;

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at least one transmitted light sensor disposed on a second side of the currency path and adapted to generate a transmitted light signal for the test currency;

a memory storing at least one master reflected light value and at least one master transmitted light value; and

a processor electrically connected to:

(a) the at least one reflected light sensor,

(b) the at least one transmitted light sensor, and

(c) the memory,

the processor being adapted to access ~~[[the]]~~ at least one master transmitted light value, calculate a reflectance ratio between a master reflected light value and a reflected light value derived from the reflected light signal for the test currency, and adjust ~~[[the]]~~ at least one master transmitted light value ~~for the test document based on the reflected light signal for the test currency~~ reflectance ratio.

33. (Original) The currency handling device of claim 32 wherein the currency path is adapted to transport test currency from a stack of test currency at a rate of at least about 1200 documents per minute.

34. (Currently Amended) A document handling device comprising:

a document path adapted to transport test documents from a stack of test documents at a rate of at least about 800 documents per minute;

at least one light source disposed on a first side of the document path;

at least one reflected light sensor disposed on the first side of the document path and adapted to generate a reflected light signal for the test documents;

at least one transmitted light sensor disposed on a second side of the document path and adapted to generate a transmitted light signal for the test documents;

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a memory storing at least one master reflected light value and at least one master transmitted light value; and

a processor electrically coupled to:

(a) the at least one reflected light sensor,

(b) the at least one transmitted light sensor, and

(c) the memory,

the processor being adapted to access ~~[[the]]~~ at least one master transmitted light value, calculate one or more reflectance ratios between the at least one master reflected light value and at least one reflected light value derived from the reflected light signal for the test documents, and adjust ~~[[the]]~~ at least one master transmitted light value for the test document based on the ~~reflected light signal for the test document~~ at least one reflectance ratio.

35. (Previously presented) A method for analyzing currency in a currency handling device comprising:

sensing reflected light from a first side of a test currency bill;

calculating a reflectance ratio based on a master reflected light value and the reflected light from the test currency bill; and

adjusting a master transmitted light value based on the reflectance ratio.

36. (Previously presented) A currency handling device comprising:

an input receptacle adapted to receive a stack of test currency bills;

a currency transport mechanism adapted to transport the test currency bills;

a light source disposed along a first side of the currency transport mechanism and adapted to direct light toward the currency transport mechanism and further adapted to illuminate the test currency bills from a first side of the test currency bills;

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a reflected light sensor disposed along the first side of the currency transport mechanism and adapted to generate an analog reflected light signal corresponding to the amount of light reflected from the first side of the test currency bills;

a transmitted light sensor disposed along a second side of the currency transport mechanism and adapted to generate an analog transmitted light signal corresponding to the amount of light transmitted through the test currency bills to a second side of the test currency bills;

at least one amplifier electrically coupled to the reflected light sensor and the transmitted light sensor and adapted to amplify the analog light reflected light signal and the analog transmitted light signal;

an analog-to-digital converter electrically coupled to the amplifier and adapted to convert the amplified analog reflected light signal into a digital reflected light signal and further adapted to convert the amplified analog transmitted light signal into a digital transmitted light signal;

a memory adapted to contain at least one master reflected light value and at least one master transmitted light value associated with at least one type of test currency;

a processor electrically coupled to the analog-to-digital converter and to the memory and adapted to:

- (1) receive the digital reflected light signal,
- (2) generate at least one reflected light value for a test currency bill,
- (3) access the memory to retrieve the master reflected light value and the master transmitted light value associated with the type of the test currency bill;
- (4) calculate a reflectance ratio based on the reflected light value for the test currency bill and the master reflected light value associated with the type of the test currency bill;
- (5) receive the digital transmitted light signal;
- (6) generate at least one transmitted light value for the test currency bill;

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(7) adjust the master transmitted light value based on the reflectance ratio,

(8) compare the adjusted master transmitted light value to the transmitted light value for the test currency bill, and

(9) generate a doubles signal if the comparison of the adjusted master transmitted light value with the transmitted light value for the test currency bill indicates that more than one currency bill is present; and

an operator interface electrically coupled to the processor and adapted to receive the doubles signal and indicate the receipt of a doubles signal.

37. (Previously presented) The device of claim 36 adapted to allow a user to specify the type of the test currency bill.

38. (Previously presented) The device of claim 36 wherein the processor is further adapted to automatically determine the type of the test currency bill.

39. (Previously presented) The device of claim 38 wherein the processor is adapted to automatically determine the type of test currency bill by comparing a pattern for the test currency bill to stored patterns for a variety of types of currency.

40. (Previously presented) The currency handling device of claim 36 wherein the processor is adapted to adjust the master transmitted light value by multiplying the master transmitted light value by the reflectance ratio.

41. (Previously presented) The currency handling device of claim 36 wherein the processor is adapted to calculate the reflectance ratio by dividing the reflected light value of the test document by the master reflected light value.

42. (Previously presented) The currency handling device of claim 36 wherein the processor is adapted to adjust the master transmitted light value by multiplying the master transmitted light value by an inverse of the reflectance ratio.

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43. (Previously presented) The doubles detection system of claim 24 wherein the processor is adapted to adjust the master transmitted light value by multiplying the master transmitted light value by the reflectance ratio.
44. (Previously presented) The doubles detection system of claim 24 wherein the processor is adapted to calculate the reflectance ratio by dividing the reflected light value of the test document by the master reflected light value.
45. (Previously presented) The doubles detection system of claim 24 wherein the processor is adapted to adjust the master transmitted light value by multiplying the master transmitted light value by an inverse of the reflectance ratio.
46. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25 wherein adjusting the master transmitted light value comprises multiplying the master transmitted light value by the reflectance ratio.
47. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25 wherein calculating the reflectance ratio comprises dividing the reflected light value of the test document by the master reflected light value.
48. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25 wherein adjusting the master transmitted light value comprises multiplying the master transmitted light value by an inverse of the reflectance ratio.
49. (Previously presented) The document handling device of claim 28 wherein the processor is adapted to adjust the master transmitted light value by multiplying the master transmitted light value by the reflectance ratio.
50. (Previously presented) The document handling device of claim 28 wherein the processor is adapted to calculate the reflectance ratio by dividing the reflected light value of the test document by the master reflected light value.
51. (Previously presented) The document handling device of claim 28 wherein the processor is adapted to adjust the master transmitted light value by multiplying the master transmitted light value by an inverse of the reflectance ratio.